IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of estimating carrier frequency offset error in a received sample bit stream including an observation vector (OV), having an observed carrier frequency timing offset ε, and a plurality of data-symbol frames, having a symbol timing offset error θ, comprising the steps of:

generating a probability density function (PDF) based on an extension portion and a synchronization portion of said OV, the PDF including first and second terms based on said symbol timing error 9; and

generating from said PDF an estimate of carrier frequency offset error, $\varepsilon_{MVU|\vartheta}$, being a minimum variance unbiased (MVU) estimator.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The MVU-carrier frequency offset error estimation method of claim 1 wherein said OV extension portion comprises an L-bit cyclic extension portion and said synchronization portion comprises a-first and-a second N-bit synchronization frames, and wherein said PDF comprises athe first term, p1, based on said symbol timing offset error 9 being within the span 1 to N and a-the second term, p2, based on said symbol timing offset error 9 being within the span N+1 to N+L.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The MVU carrier frequency offset error estimation method of claim 2 wherein said received bit stream has uncorrelated independent identically distributed random signal and noise sequence variables with power of σ_s^2 and σ_n^2 , respectively, wherein said OV is denoted x, and wherein said MVU estimator $\varepsilon_{\text{MVU}|9}$ is the conditional expectation of a second moment estimator, said second moment estimator given by

$$\widetilde{\varepsilon} = \frac{\Im}{2\pi} \ln \left\{ \frac{1}{L\sigma_s^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\vartheta+L-1} x[k] x * [k+N] \right\}.$$

4. (Currently Amended) The MVU carrier frequency offset error estimation method of claim 3 wherein said MVU estimator $\varepsilon_{MVU|\vartheta}$ is given by

$$\widetilde{\varepsilon}_{\text{MVU}|\mathcal{G}} = E(\widetilde{\varepsilon}|T_{1}(\chi,\mathcal{G})) = \frac{\Im}{2\pi} \ln E \left\{ \frac{1}{L\sigma_{s}^{2}} \sum_{k=\mathcal{G}}^{\mathcal{G}+L-1} x[k]x * [k+N]T_{1}(\chi,\mathcal{G}) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \Im \left\{ \ln \frac{T_1(\chi, \theta)}{L\sigma_s^2} \right\}$$

where 3 is the an imaginary operator and where

$$T_{l(x,9)} = \begin{cases} \sum_{k=9}^{L+9-1} x[k]x * [k+N] & 1 \le 9 \le N \\ \sum_{k=0}^{9-N-1} x[k]x * [k+N] + \sum_{k=9}^{N+L-1} x[k]x * [k+N] & N+1 \le 9 \le N+L \end{cases}$$

5. (Currently Amended) A method of synchronizing a received sample bit stream, comprising the steps of:

transmitting at a transmitter-said bit stream including an observation vector (OV),

receiving and sampling, at a receiver, said bit stream, said sampled bit stream including i) an observation vector (OV), said OV with having an observed carrier frequency offset ε, and ii) a plurality of data-symbol frames, having a symbol timing offset error 9;

generating a probability density function (PDF) based on <u>an extension portion and a synchronization portion of said OV</u>, the PDF including first and second terms based on said <u>symbol timing error 9</u>;

generating from said PDF an estimate of carrier frequency offset error, $\varepsilon_{MVU|\vartheta}$, being a minimum variance unbiased (MVU) estimator; and

synchronizing said received bit stream by said MVU estimate of carrier frequency offset.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The synchronization-method of claim 5 wherein said OV extension portion comprises an L-bit cyclic extension portion and said synchronization portion comprises a first and a-second N-bit synchronization frames, and wherein said PDF comprises a first term, p1, based on said observed symbol timing offset error 9 being within the span 1 to N and a said second term, p2, based on said observed symbol timing offset error 9 being within the span N+1 to N+L.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The synchronization method of claim 6 wherein said received-bit stream has uncorrelated independent identically distributed random signal and noise sequence variables with power of σ_s^2 and σ_n^2 , respectively, wherein said OV is denoted x, and wherein said MVU estimator $\varepsilon_{\text{MVU}|9}$ is the conditional expectation of a second moment estimator, said second

moment estimator given by

$$\widetilde{\varepsilon} = \frac{\Im}{2\pi} \ln \left\{ \frac{1}{L\sigma_s^2} \sum_{k=0}^{9+L-1} x[k]x * [k+N] \right\}.$$

8. (Currently Amended) The synchronization method of claim 7 wherein said MVU estimator $\varepsilon_{MVU|9}$ is given by

$$\widetilde{\varepsilon}_{\text{MVU}}|_{\mathcal{G}} = E(\widetilde{\varepsilon}|T_{1}(\chi,\theta)) = \frac{\Im}{2\pi} \ln E\left\{ \frac{1}{L\sigma_{s}^{2}} \sum_{k=\theta}^{\theta+L-1} x[k]x * [k+N]T_{1}(\chi,\theta) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \Im\left\{ \ln \frac{T_{1}(\chi,\theta)}{L\sigma_{s}^{2}} \right\}$$

where 3 is the an imaginary operator and where

$$T_{l(x,9)} = \begin{cases} & \sum_{k=9}^{L+9-1} x[k]x * [k+N] & 1 \le 9 \le N \\ & \sum_{k=0}^{g-N-1} x[k]x * [k+N] + \sum_{k=9}^{N+L-1} x[k]x * [k+N] & N+1 \le 9 \le N+L \end{cases}$$

9-19. (Canceled)